organic compounds

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2-(2-Chloropyridin-3-yl)-N-ethyl-4methyl-1,3-oxazole-5-carboxamide

Guigiu Yang,^a* Jiakuang Liang,^a Haibo Yu^b and Bin Li^b

^aShenyang Universitty of Chemical Technology, Shenyang 110142, People's Republic of China, and ^bAgrochemicals Division, Shenyang Research Institute of Chemical Industry, Shenyang 110021, People's Republic of China Correspondence e-mail: yangguiqiu@gmail.com

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.039; wR factor = 0.109; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.2.

In the title compound, $C_{12}H_{12}ClN_3O_2$, the dihedral angle between the aromatic rings is 8.42 (10)°. In the crystal, molecules are linked by N-H···O hydrogen bonds, generating C(4) chains propagating in [001].

Related literature

For background to derivatives of oxazolyl carboxylic acids, see: Takechi et al. (2000); Lechel et al. (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data C12H12ClN3O2

 $M_r = 265.70$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 8.2143 (12) Å b = 14.545 (2) Å c = 10.4360 (16) Å $\beta = 97.425$ (3)° V = 1236.4 (3) Å ³	Z = 4 Mo K\alpha radiation $\mu = 0.31 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ $T = 296 \text{ K}$ $0.32 \times 0.28 \times 0.22 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	
Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2001) <i>Tais</i> = 0.908. <i>Tais</i> = 0.936	6234 measured reflections 2183 independent reflections 1736 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.027$
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$ wR(F ²) = 0.109 S = 1.07	165 parameters H-atom parameters constrained $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.23$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1

2183 reflections

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N3-H3\cdots O2^{i}$	0.86	2.29	3.115 (2)	161
Symmetry code: (i)	$r - v + \frac{3}{2}z + \frac{1}{2}$			

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.23 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

ry (1) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{4}{2}$

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5697).

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supplementary materials

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2-(2-Chloropyridin-3-yl)-N-ethyl-4-methyl-1,3-oxazole-5-carboxamide

G. Yang, J. Liang, H. Yu and B. Li

Comment

Derivatives of oxazolyl carboxylic acid are important heterocyclic compounds. They display a broad range of biological, medical and pharmacological properties (Takechi *et al.*, 2000; Lechel *et al.*, 2009). We report the crystal structure of the title compound (I) to determine the structure of the main product in the preparation of derivatives of oxazolyl carboxylic acid. The molecular structure of (I) (Fig. 1) contains no crystallographically imposed symmetry. The pyridine and oxazole rings in each of the ligands are not coplanar, the dihedral angle formed by the least-squares planes of the benzene and pyrazole rings being equal to 8.8°. Analysis of the crystal packing of (I) shows the existence of N3—H3···O2 interactions, as shown in Fig. 2.

Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by 2-(2-chloropyridin-3-yl) -4-methyloxazole-5-carbonyl chloride with ethanamine in toluene. The crude products were purified by silica-gel column chromatography and then grown from dichloromethane to afford colorless blocks of (I). To a 100 ml flask ethanamine (0.24 g, 5.40 mmol),triethylamine (0.68 g, 6.75 mmol), 2-(2-chloropyridin-3-yl)-4-methyloxazole-5-carbonyl chloride (1.16 g, 4.50 mmol) and 45 ml toluene were added sequentially. The reaction mixture was reacted for 2 h. After separation through silica gel column chromatography (fluent: ethyl acetate/ petroleum ether=1/5), The title compound was gained as a yellow solid (0.42 g, 58%).

Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₂N₃: C, 54.25; H, 4.55; N, 15.82. Found: C, 54.33; H, 4.54; N, 15.75. ¹H NMR(CDCl₃): 1.27 (t,3*H*, CH₃), 2.61 (s,3*H*, Ar—CH₃), 3.50 (m, 2H, CH₂), 6.29 (br s, 1H, NH), 7.40 (dd, 1H, py—H), 8.42 (dd, 1H, py—H), 8.53 (dd, 1H, py—H).

Refinement

Although all H atoms were visible in difference maps, they were finally placed in geometrically calculated positions, with C-Hdistances in the range 0.93–0.97Å and N—H distances of 0.86 Å, and included in the final refinement in the riding model approximation, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C, N)$ and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(C)$.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I), with atom labels and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.



Fig. 2. Crystal packing of (I).

$\label{eq:2-chloropyridin-3-yl} 2-(2-Chloropyridin-3-yl)-N-ethyl-4-methyl-1, 3-oxazole-5-carboxamide$

Crystal data	
$C_{12}H_{12}ClN_3O_2$	<i>F</i> (000) = 552
$M_r = 265.70$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.427 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 8.2143 (12) Å	Cell parameters from 2185 reflections
b = 14.545 (2) Å	$\theta = 2.4 - 25.4^{\circ}$
c = 10.4360 (16) Å	$\mu = 0.31 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 97.425 \ (3)^{\circ}$	T = 296 K
$V = 1236.4 (3) \text{ Å}^3$	Block, colorless
Z = 4	$0.32 \times 0.28 \times 0.22 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

2183 independent reflections
1736 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$R_{\rm int} = 0.027$
$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.4^{\circ}$
$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
$k = -17 \rightarrow 17$
$l = -12 \rightarrow 8$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.109$	H-atom parameters constrained
<i>S</i> = 1.07	$w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.0583P)^{2} + 0.2339P]$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
2183 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
165 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.23 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.23 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2 \text{sigma}(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
Cl1	0.52313 (8)	1.15459 (4)	0.30039 (6)	0.0650(2)
01	0.81459 (15)	0.89027 (8)	0.35667 (12)	0.0424 (3)
O2	0.91578 (18)	0.72507 (9)	0.12724 (13)	0.0542 (4)
N1	0.6093 (2)	1.15962 (11)	0.54565 (19)	0.0582 (5)
N2	0.6424 (2)	0.96872 (10)	0.21507 (15)	0.0449 (4)
N3	0.9699 (2)	0.72633 (10)	0.34513 (15)	0.0476 (4)
Н3	0.9523	0.7530	0.4156	0.057*
C1	0.6202 (2)	1.10823 (12)	0.4431 (2)	0.0457 (5)
C2	0.6806 (3)	1.12864 (15)	0.6593 (2)	0.0625 (6)
H2	0.6733	1.1642	0.7324	0.075*
C3	0.7641 (3)	1.04702 (15)	0.6739 (2)	0.0636 (6)
H3A	0.8122	1.0278	0.7551	0.076*
C4	0.7752 (3)	0.99428 (13)	0.56647 (19)	0.0525 (5)
H4	0.8320	0.9388	0.5744	0.063*
C5	0.7019 (2)	1.02335 (12)	0.44587 (18)	0.0420 (4)
C6	0.7133 (2)	0.96435 (12)	0.33294 (18)	0.0399 (4)
C7	0.8032 (2)	0.84506 (11)	0.23930 (18)	0.0402 (4)
C8	0.6982 (2)	0.89204 (12)	0.15339 (18)	0.0416 (4)
C9	0.6388 (3)	0.87207 (15)	0.0153 (2)	0.0567 (6)
H9A	0.7179	0.8936	-0.0378	0.085*
H9B	0.5359	0.9027	-0.0091	0.085*
H9C	0.6242	0.8070	0.0038	0.085*
C10	0.9008 (2)	0.76014 (12)	0.23233 (18)	0.0412 (4)
C11	1.0747 (3)	0.64501 (15)	0.3517 (2)	0.0627 (6)
H11A	1.0109	0.5931	0.3149	0.075*
H11B	1.1631	0.6554	0.3001	0.075*
C12	1.1446 (4)	0.6227 (2)	0.4837 (3)	0.0857 (9)
H12A	1.2037	0.6749	0.5220	0.129*
H12B	1.2181	0.5715	0.4827	0.129*
H12C	1.0580	0.6070	0.5333	0.129*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0845 (4)	0.0471 (3)	0.0613 (4)	0.0194 (3)	0.0012 (3)	0.0078 (2)
01	0.0535 (8)	0.0366 (7)	0.0360 (7)	0.0063 (6)	0.0015 (6)	-0.0004 (5)
O2	0.0808 (10)	0.0446 (8)	0.0379 (8)	0.0047 (7)	0.0104 (7)	-0.0043 (6)
N1	0.0718 (12)	0.0405 (9)	0.0626 (12)	0.0066 (8)	0.0098 (10)	-0.0062 (8)
N2	0.0531 (10)	0.0376 (8)	0.0428 (9)	0.0036 (7)	0.0016 (8)	0.0025 (7)
N3	0.0633 (10)	0.0408 (9)	0.0387 (9)	0.0139 (7)	0.0071 (8)	0.0002 (7)
C1	0.0502 (11)	0.0347 (10)	0.0524 (12)	0.0005 (8)	0.0078 (9)	0.0015 (8)
C2	0.0843 (16)	0.0496 (12)	0.0541 (14)	0.0016 (12)	0.0106 (12)	-0.0126 (11)
C3	0.0910 (17)	0.0517 (13)	0.0461 (13)	0.0102 (12)	0.0011 (12)	-0.0032 (10)
C4	0.0688 (14)	0.0396 (10)	0.0481 (12)	0.0090 (9)	0.0034 (10)	-0.0018 (9)
C5	0.0474 (11)	0.0339 (9)	0.0453 (11)	-0.0019 (8)	0.0080 (9)	0.0023 (8)
C6	0.0454 (10)	0.0308 (9)	0.0431 (11)	0.0008 (7)	0.0048 (9)	0.0039 (7)
C7	0.0502 (11)	0.0345 (9)	0.0353 (10)	-0.0022 (8)	0.0029 (8)	-0.0011 (7)
C8	0.0479 (11)	0.0375 (10)	0.0387 (10)	-0.0033 (8)	0.0031 (8)	0.0016 (8)
C9	0.0672 (14)	0.0549 (12)	0.0442 (12)	0.0043 (11)	-0.0069 (10)	-0.0020 (10)
C10	0.0500 (11)	0.0348 (9)	0.0392 (10)	-0.0035 (8)	0.0072 (9)	-0.0006 (8)
C11	0.0796 (16)	0.0500 (13)	0.0578 (14)	0.0237 (11)	0.0068 (12)	0.0004 (10)
C12	0.103 (2)	0.0863 (18)	0.0661 (17)	0.0496 (16)	0.0029 (15)	0.0079 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl1—C1	1.733 (2)	C4—C5	1.389 (3)
O1—C6	1.364 (2)	C4—H4	0.9300
O1—C7	1.383 (2)	C5—C6	1.471 (3)
O2—C10	1.230 (2)	С7—С8	1.347 (2)
N1—C1	1.318 (3)	C7—C10	1.479 (3)
N1—C2	1.332 (3)	C8—C9	1.489 (3)
N2—C6	1.293 (2)	С9—Н9А	0.9600
N2—C8	1.395 (2)	С9—Н9В	0.9600
N3—C10	1.333 (2)	С9—Н9С	0.9600
N3—C11	1.459 (2)	C11—C12	1.459 (3)
N3—H3	0.8600	C11—H11A	0.9700
C1—C5	1.404 (3)	C11—H11B	0.9700
C2—C3	1.370 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9600
С2—Н2	0.9300	C12—H12B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.372 (3)	C12—H12C	0.9600
С3—НЗА	0.9300		
C6—O1—C7	104.17 (14)	O1—C7—C10	117.74 (15)
C1—N1—C2	117.59 (18)	C7—C8—N2	108.60 (16)
C6—N2—C8	105.37 (15)	С7—С8—С9	130.30 (18)
C10—N3—C11	121.45 (17)	N2—C8—C9	121.08 (17)
C10—N3—H3	119.3	С8—С9—Н9А	109.5
C11—N3—H3	119.3	С8—С9—Н9В	109.5
N1—C1—C5	124.39 (19)	Н9А—С9—Н9В	109.5

N1—C1—Cl1	113.91 (15)	С8—С9—Н9С	109.5
C5—C1—Cl1	121.70 (15)	Н9А—С9—Н9С	109.5
N1—C2—C3	123.3 (2)	Н9В—С9—Н9С	109.5
N1—C2—H2	118.4	O2-C10-N3	123.63 (17)
С3—С2—Н2	118.4	O2—C10—C7	120.50 (17)
C2—C3—C4	118.6 (2)	N3—C10—C7	115.86 (16)
С2—С3—НЗА	120.7	C12-C11-N3	112.48 (19)
С4—С3—НЗА	120.7	C12—C11—H11A	109.1
C3—C4—C5	120.25 (19)	N3—C11—H11A	109.1
C3—C4—H4	119.9	C12—C11—H11B	109.1
С5—С4—Н4	119.9	N3—C11—H11B	109.1
C4—C5—C1	115.87 (18)	H11A—C11—H11B	107.8
C4—C5—C6	118.92 (16)	C11—C12—H12A	109.5
C1—C5—C6	125.21 (17)	C11—C12—H12B	109.5
N2	113.63 (16)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
N2—C6—C5	131.78 (17)	C11—C12—H12C	109.5
O1—C6—C5	114.57 (16)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C8—C7—O1	108.22 (15)	H12B-C12-H12C	109.5
C8—C7—C10	134.03 (17)		
C2—N1—C1—C5	-0.1 (3)	C4—C5—C6—O1	-7.8 (3)
C2—N1—C1—Cl1	179.87 (17)	C1—C5—C6—O1	172.89 (16)
C1—N1—C2—C3	0.3 (4)	C6—O1—C7—C8	-0.41 (19)
N1—C2—C3—C4	0.0 (4)	C6—O1—C7—C10	179.86 (15)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.5 (4)	O1—C7—C8—N2	0.6 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C1	0.6 (3)	C10—C7—C8—N2	-179.76 (19)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-178.8 (2)	O1—C7—C8—C9	-178.03 (19)
N1—C1—C5—C4	-0.3 (3)	C10-C7-C8-C9	1.6 (4)
Cl1—C1—C5—C4	179.72 (15)	C6—N2—C8—C7	-0.5 (2)
N1—C1—C5—C6	179.00 (19)	C6—N2—C8—C9	178.25 (18)
Cl1—C1—C5—C6	-1.0 (3)	C11—N3—C10—O2	1.9 (3)
C8—N2—C6—O1	0.2 (2)	C11—N3—C10—C7	-177.52 (18)
C8—N2—C6—C5	-178.29 (19)	C8—C7—C10—O2	11.7 (3)
C7—O1—C6—N2	0.1 (2)	O1—C7—C10—O2	-168.64 (17)
C7—O1—C6—C5	178.89 (15)	C8—C7—C10—N3	-168.8 (2)
C4—C5—C6—N2	170.7 (2)	O1—C7—C10—N3	10.8 (2)
C1C5	-8.6 (3)	C10-N3-C11-C12	176.9 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D -\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$
N3—H3···O2 ⁱ	0.86	2.29	3.115 (2)	161
Symmetry codes: (i) x , $-y+3/2$, $z+1/2$.				



Fig. 1

